Check local codes and read all instructions prior to installation.

Leave this manual with the owner.

What To Do If You Smell Gas:
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
- If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.

Warning:
Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual. For assistance or additional information consult a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

For Your Safety:
Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
Introduction

About the Wildfire 34:
The W34-DV is a direct-vented gas fireplace equipped with a dual-inlet Wildfire® Burner. It is available in four versions:

- Top Vent (Product Code W34DT)
- Rear Vent (Product Code W34DR)
- Intermittent Pilot - Top Vent (Product Code W34DT-I)
- Intermittent Pilot - Rear Vent (Product Code W34DR-I)

The W34-DV is certified as a Gravity Direct Vent Wall Furnace (ANSI Z21.44-1988 · CGA 2.19-M81) and is rated for:

- Natural Gas: 22,000 BTU/H (6.4 Kilowatts) Input, 16,100 BTU/H (4.7 Kilowatts) Output
- Propane: 22,000 BTU/H (6.4 Kilowatts) Input, 15,400 BTU/H (4.5 Kilowatts) Output

How to use this manual:
This manual covers all models and unless otherwise specified, the designation W34-DV refers to all models. Sections which are specific to a particular model are marked with a symbol, plus the appropriate model number.

Warranty and Installation Information:
The Montigo warranty will be voided by, and Montigo disclaims any responsibility for, the following actions:

- Modification of the fireplace and/or components including Direct-Vent assembly or glass doors.
- Use of any component part not manufactured or approved by Montigo in combination with this Montigo fireplace system.
- Installation other than as instructed in this manual.

Consult your local Gas Inspection Branch on installation requirements for factory-built gas fireplaces. Installation & repairs should be done by a qualified contractor.

Installations in Canada must conform to the current CAN/CGA B-149.1 and .2 Gas Installation Code and local regulations. If the optional air-circulating fan kit is installed, it must be electrically grounded in accordance with CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 and/or Local Codes.

Installations in the USA must conform to local codes, or in the absence of local codes to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1-1988. If the optional air-circulating fan is installed, it must be grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70-

CAUTIONS
Due to its high operating temperatures, the appliance should be located out of traffic & away from furniture and draperies.

- Children and adults should be alerted to the hazards of the high surface temperature, which could cause burns or clothing ignition.
- Young children should be carefully supervised when they are in the same room as the appliance.
- Clothing or other flammable materials should not be placed on or near the appliance.
Installing The Fireplace Shell

The fireplace may be installed in any location that is free of air conditioning ducts, electrical wiring and plumbing. Safety, as well as efficiency of operation, must be considered when selecting the fireplace location. Try to select a location that does not interfere with room traffic, has adequate ventilation, and offers an accessible pathway for Direct Vent installation. Refer to page 4 - Vent Installation for more information.

The fireplace dimensions are shown below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dimension</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top Vent Width</td>
<td>15 3/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top Vent Height</td>
<td>22 1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear Vent Width</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rear Vent Height</td>
<td>26 1/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front View Width</td>
<td>31 1/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Front View Height</td>
<td>8 3/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Clearances**

The W3400 clearances to combustible materials are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Clearance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Top - Rear Vent*</td>
<td>7&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Top - Top Vent**</td>
<td>13&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Back</td>
<td>0&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side</td>
<td>1&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Floor</td>
<td>0&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mantle**</td>
<td>10&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Clearance from the top of the fireplace to a combustible ceiling within the fireplace enclosure.
** Refer to page 11.
† If special short elbow (SEL90) is used with the Low Clearance Sleeve (CRS30) the Top Clearance is 13".
If the standard elbow (MEL90) is used with the Low Clearance Sleeve (CRS30) the Top Clearance is 15".
If the Low Clearance Sleeve (CRS30) is NOT used over the elbow, the Top Clearance is 35".

Unprotected combustible walls which are perpendicular to the fireplace opening, must not project beyond the shaded area shown in Figure 19b.

For protection against freezing temperatures, it is recommended that outer walls of the chase be insulated with a vapour barrier. This will reduce the possibility of a cold-air convection current on the fireplace.

**WARNING:**

When this appliance is installed directly on carpeting, tile or any combustible material other than wood flooring, it must be installed on a metal or wood panel extending the full width and depth of the appliance.
Installing The Gas Line
The gas line must be installed before finishing the W3400 Fireplace. **Natural Gas** requires a minimum inlet gas supply pressure of 5.5 W.C. & a manifold pressure of 3.5 W.C. **Propane Gas** requires a minimum inlet gas supply pressure of 11 W.C. & a manifold pressure of 10 W.C. Provision must also be made for a 1/8" N.P.T. plugged tapping and be accessible for test gauge connection immediately upstream of the gas supply controls to the appliance. The fireplace gas connection and the main operating gas valve is located behind the removable brass trim at the bottom of the unit and need only be attached to the gas line with an approved fitting, as required by the applicable installation codes.

**Figure 5. Gas line access.**

During any pressure testing of the gas supply piping that exceeds 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa), the appliance and its individual shutoff valve must be **disconnected** from gas supply system.

When pressure testing the gas supply piping system at test pressures of **less than or equal** to 1/2 psig (3.5 kPa), the appliance must be **isolated** from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valve.

**Note:** After gas line is connected, **each appliance connection, valve and valve train** must be checked while under normal operating pressure with either a liquid solution, or leak detection device, to locate any source of leak. Tighten any areas where bubbling appears or leak is detected until bubbling stops completely or leak is no longer detected. **DO NOT** use a flame of any kind to test for leaks.

Installing The Remote Switch
The W3400’s gas valve, located behind the lower brass trim, may be connected to a wall switch or a thermostat. The valve is pre-wired and completely self contained to generate its own power. **DO NOT** connect any external power to it.

Refer to Figure 26 for wiring requirements.

**Note:** The switch location must not exceed 30’ from the fireplace.

Vent Installation
This section covers the installation of direct venting and terminations.

**Installation Requirements**
- W3400 fireplaces must be installed with Montigo Premium Series direct vent components with:
  - 5" inner dia. / 8" outer dia.
- Minimum 1" clearance to combustibles required for vent pipes
- Use only **certified Montigo vent components.** (Use of other parts will void the Montigo warranty, and may impede the operation of the fireplace.)
- All joints must be secured with a minimum of two screws per joint
- Vent terminations must not be recessed in walls or siding
- Horizontal runs must be supported by a minimum of two supports per horizontal run. A minimum of one screw on each side of support is also required
- Flex vent sections may be stretched up to 50% of their total length (e.g. a 24” section may be stretched to 36”)
- Maximum horizontal run for a flex section is 3 feet.
- Solid vent sections may be cut less than half way from the tapered end

**Vent Terminations**

**Selecting A Termination Location**
Choosing your vent termination location will help to determine whether you need to use a top vent or rear vent fireplace. Figure 6, below, shows typical fireplace locations and the venting options they provide.

For a more detailed diagram of allowed termination locations, see **Appendix B.**

**Figure 6. Fireplace locations and vent terminations.**

**Cautions:**
- **Vent terminations can be very hot.** If the termination is less than 7 feet above a public walkway, it should be fitted with a certified Montigo Heat Guard. (Part no. PTKOG)
- **Do not obstruct, or attempt to conceal, the vent termination.** These actions will affect the operation of the fireplace, and may be hazardous.
- In heavy snow areas, take extra care to prevent snow buildup from obstructing the vent termination.
Installing Terminations with Built-In Frames

1. Frame the termination opening to 11" x 11".
2. Fasten the termination to the studs using a minimum of 4 screws.

Installing Terminations with MSR or BSR Frames

The MSR Frame is for use with stucco or siding exteriors, and the BSR is for use with brick exteriors. The BSR is available in 4" or 6" depths.

1. For the MSR, frame the termination opening to 12" x 12". For the BSR, frame the termination opening to 11" x 11".
2. Fasten the MSR or BSR to the studs using a minimum of 4 screws.
3. Attach the termination to the frame as shown here, and secure by screwing through the four pilot holes in the termination.

Installing Terminations with MOSR Frames

The MOSR is a frame for installing terminations from the interior of a building. Use it for installations such as high rises, where the termination may not be easily installed from the building's exterior.

1. Frame the termination opening to 12" x 12".
2. Fasten the MOSR frame to the interior side of the studs using a minimum of 4 screws.
3. Insert the termination into the MOSR frame as shown here, and attach by screwing through the four pilot holes in the termination.

Installing Heat Guards over Terminations

1. Ensure that the two long mounting brackets are facing the bottom of the termination. (See inset). This will provide more heat protection at the top of the termination, where temperatures are highest.
2. Attach to the faceplate of the termination using four sheet metal screws.
Model W3400T Venting Runs

For the W3400T Top Vent there are two types of installations: A) Through-The-Wall Installations and B) Vertical (Through-The-Roof) Installations.

A) Through-The-Wall Installations

Before you install any venting, you must determine whether the venting run will be acceptable. Unacceptable venting can affect the fireplace’s combustion.

The Venting Graph

Measure the vertical height from the fireplace hearth to the centre of the termination and the horizontal run from the fireplace flue collar to the wall flange of the termination. Plot on the Venting Graph (Fig. 7) with an ‘X’.

If the ‘X’ falls on or above the top boundary of the shaded area, the installation is acceptable.

Example A: (Acceptable Installation)

If the vertical dimension from the hearth is 84” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 36”, this would be an acceptable installation.

Example B: (Acceptable Installation)

If the vertical dimension from the hearth is 90” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 126”, this would be an acceptable installation.

Example C: (Unacceptable Installation)

If the vertical dimension from the floor of the fireplace is 78” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 108”, this would NOT be an acceptable installation.

Heat Shields

Due to high flue temperatures, heat shields are required on all 34 Series Modular Direct Vent installations (except those with vertical terminations) at the point where the venting connects to the termination. With the heat shield, vent clearances can be maintained at 1”.

Figure 8. Heat Shield. Install by sliding over the vent pipe where it passes through combustible construction.

Installation Of Top Vent DV

The following venting components are available for the W3400T:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A - Termination</td>
<td>PTO-3 (3” length) PTO-3F (3” length)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B - Stucco Kits</td>
<td>MSR (stucco frame) MOSR (stucco can) BSR (brick can)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D - Flex sections</td>
<td>PFL-1 (12” section) PFL-18 (18” section) PFL-2 (24” section) PFL-3 (36” section) PFL-4 (48” section)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E - Rigid sections</td>
<td>PEXT-1 (12” m/f section) PEXT-2 (24” m/f section) PEXT-3 (36” m/f section) PEXT-4 (48” m/f section)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F - Elbows</td>
<td>PEL-90M (m/m 90° elbow) PEL-90F (f/f 90° elbow) PEL-90FM (f/m 90° elbow)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES: All dimension lengths for vertical or horizontal runs are measured from center of the vent pipe. Venting runs must fall within the limits set by the venting graph (see Figure 7).
Example 1:
For our shortest venting configuration use components A and F (see Figure 9a).

Figure 9a. Typical Top Vent installation. If the 90° elbow is installed directly on the fireplace, the height to the center of the termination is 44”.

Horizontal Venting

Figure 9b. Typical Top Vent installation. The solid sections can be used in various combinations to obtain the desired vent run. The vent run must fall within the limits set by the venting graph.

Example 2:
A 10’ section and elbow used in conjunction with 3 ft. flex section (PFL-3) will, when extended in a five foot chase, allow for a maximum horizontal run of twelve and one-half feet from the centre of the fireplace to outside wall and a minimum of 8’ when retracted in opposite direction (see Figure 10 and 11).

"D" flex sections and "E" solid sections may be used in conjunction with one another to obtain different possible horizontal length installations.

NOTE: Flex section must not exceed maximum horizontal length of 3 feet. (see Figure 12).

Figure 10. Extended Installation using a combination of solid and flex venting. Use the vent graph to determine your allowable run, then select appropriate components.

Figure 11. Retracted Installation using a combination of solid and flex venting. Use the vent graph to determine your allowable run, then select appropriate components.

Figure 12. Horizontal flex installation.
B. Vertical (Through-The-Roof) Installations

- Vertical Terminations must be installed:
  - minimum 2' (two feet) above the highest point where vent passes through the roof.
  - minimum 6' (six feet) from a mechanical air inlet
  - minimum 3' (three feet) from a parapet wall.

- Maximum vent height is 20 feet above fireplace.
  Note: Flame characteristics will change if the maximum vent height is used.

- Minimum clearances 1" from vent to all combustible materials must be maintained.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A - Termination</th>
<th>B - Flex sections</th>
<th>C - Solid sections</th>
<th>D - Support Ring &amp; Plate</th>
<th>E - Firestop</th>
<th>F - Roof Flashing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PVTK-1</td>
<td>PFL-1 (12&quot; section)</td>
<td>PEXT-1 (12&quot; section)</td>
<td>PSPXT-8 (7&quot; dia.)</td>
<td>PS-8 (7&quot; dia.)</td>
<td>PRF-7 (1/12 - 7/12 pitch)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PFL-2 (24&quot; section)</td>
<td>PEXT-2 (24&quot; section)</td>
<td>PRF-12 (7/12 - 12/12 pt.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>PRF-16 (12/12 - 16/12 pt.)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PFL-3 (36&quot; section)</td>
<td>PEXT-3 (36&quot; section)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PFL-4 (48&quot; section)</td>
<td>PEXT-4 (48&quot; section)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- A maximum of two offsets with 90° bends may be made and shall not exceed total length of 25% of the vertical vent height, when measured center to center of piping.

Example: Typical vent installation.
20' vertical vent
2 - 2' offsets required
25% of 20' = 5' max. offset allowed
This venting configuration meets requirements.
Model W3400R Venting Runs
For the W3400R, there are two types of installations: A) Basic Through-The-Wall Installations and B) Multi-Elbow Installations.

A. Through-The-Wall Rear Vent Installations
The W3400R has three possible installations which do not require vertical lift:

   For standard installations, you may use the PXT-20 section, and a termination. The height from the hearth to the center of the termination is 26 1/8”.
   
   **Note:** PXT extensions may be cut to desired length but must never exceed 18”.

   ![Image](Heat Shield EXT extension Flue Collar)

   **Figure 15. Extended installation.**

2. Corner Installation - 45° or less.
   Use a PFL (12” or 20” compressed length) and a frame, if appropriate. Flex may be turned to obtain desired degree of angle required but must not exceed 45°.

   ![Image](Heat Shield Flex Termination Flue Collar)

   **Example A:** (Acceptable Installation)
   If the vertical dimension from the hearth is 84” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 36”, this would be an acceptable installation.

   **Example B:** (Acceptable Installation)
   If the vertical dimension from the hearth is 90” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 126”, this would be an acceptable installation.

   **Example C:** (Unacceptable Installation)
   If the vertical dimension from the floor of the fireplace is 78” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 108”, this would NOT be an acceptable installation.

   ![Image](Heat Shield Flue Collar)

   **Figure 16. Flex installation.**

B. Multi-Elbow Installations
For more difficult installation situations, the W3400R may be installed with 2 - 90° elbows and up to 15’ of horizontal run. If using this installation option, you must adhere to the following guidelines:

- the first 90° elbow must be placed directly on the flue collar
- you must have a minimum vertical lift of 50” (measured from the hearth)
- your vent run must fall within the limits set by Figure 19

Before you install any venting, you must determine whether the venting run will be acceptable. Unacceptable venting can affect the fireplace's combustion.

The Venting Graph
Measure the vertical height from the fireplace hearth to the centre of the termination and the horizontal run from the from the fireplace flue collar to the wall flange of the termination. Plot on the Venting Graph (Fig. 19) with an ‘X’.

If the ‘X’ falls on or above the top boundary of the shaded area, the installation is acceptable.

**Example A:** (Acceptable Installation)
If the vertical dimension from the hearth is 84” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 36”, this would be an acceptable installation.

**Example B:** (Acceptable Installation)
If the vertical dimension from the hearth is 90” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 126”, this would be an acceptable installation.

**Example C:** (Unacceptable Installation)
If the vertical dimension from the floor of the fireplace is 78” and the horizontal run to the wall flange of the vent termination is 108”, this would NOT be an acceptable installation.

Heat Shields
Due to high flue temperatures, heat shields are required on all W3400 installations (except those with vertical terminations) at the point where the venting connects to the termination. With the heat shield, vent clearances can be maintained at 1”.

See Figure 8.
Installation Of Rear Vent DV

A complete W3400R (rear vent) system may comprise up to six individual components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A - Termination</td>
<td>PTO-3F (3” length)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B - Stucco Kits</td>
<td>MSR (stucco frame) BSR-4 (4” brick frame) BSR-6 (6” brick frame) MOSR (stucco can)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D - Flex sections</td>
<td>PFL-1 (12” section) PFL-2 (24” section) PFL-3 (36” section) PFL-4 (48” section)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E - Solid sections</td>
<td>PEXT-1 (12” section) PEXT-2 (24” section) PEXT-3 (36” section) PEXT-4 (48” section)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F - 90 degree elbow</td>
<td>MEL-90 (90° elbow)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTES: All dimension lengths for vertical or horizontal runs are measured from center of the vent pipe. Venting runs must fall within the limits set by the venting graph (see Figure 17).
Finishing Around the Fireplace

Combustible mantels and mouldings may be safely installed over the top and on the front of the fireplace provided that they do not project beyond shaded area shown in Figure 19. Side wall clearances are 3". Combustible surrounds may be installed with 3" clearance to the side of the fireplace as shown in Figure 20.

Fireplace Facing

When selecting the finish material for your fireplace, it is important to remember the following: **BRASS TRIMS MUST NOT BE OBSTRUCTED IN ANY WAY** - to do so restricts the air supply for the control compartments and heat exchanger it also prevents access for servicing controls.

The face of the fireplace may be painted to match the room decor, provided you use a heat-resistant paint. Decorative facing must not extend past the fireplace opening at all, because it will interfere with the access to retainers for removal of glass door.

We recommend careful consideration be given to the effects of elevated mantel temperatures which may be in excess of product design, for example: candles, plastic or pictures. This can cause melting, deformation, discoloration or premature failure of T.V. and radio components.

Figure 19a. Combustible mantles and facings.

Figure 19b. Combustible surrounds.

Painting:

Special care is recommended by the Master Painters and Decorators Association, when painting the fireplace surrounds, to select and apply a quality Alkyd sealer prior to the applying of latex paints. This is to prevent leaching of water from evaporation and causing a brownish staining effect to paint over coats.

Mantels & Surrounds

**NOTE:** National Canadian Gas Association mantel test requirements are for fire hazard prevention to combustible materials.

New technology, to meet consumer and government demands for the wise use of energy, has prompted us to manufacture many models of fireplaces which are hot, fuel and energy efficient.

Please be aware; temperatures over the mantel will rise above normal room temperature and walls above fireplace may be hot to touch.
Installing the Log Set

The W3400 is supplied with four (4) ceramic fibre logs. Logs "A" and "B" are factory-installed on the log rest. To install the two small logs ("C" and "D"), simply place them onto their mating positions as shown in figure 24a below. When log set is installed it should look like figure 24b.

NOTES:

- If logs are not placed properly, excessive sooting will result.
- If handling or vacuuming the logs, do not attempt to move the two large logs. They are extremely fragile, and will break easily.
- The surface of the logs will crack due to the heat from the flames. This is a normal occurrence.

Figure 21a. Wiring for optional air circulating fan kit.

Figure 21b. Wiring schematic for optional fan kit.

Figure 22a. Log placement.

Figure 22b. Completed log installation.

Wiring

Gas Control and Pilot Wiring

Wiring for the optional Fan and Blower Kits

This fireplace may be equipped with an optional fan pack or blower for circulating heat into the living space.

Installations in Canada which employ the fans or blowers must be electrically grounded in accordance with CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part 1 and/or Local Codes.

Installations in the USA which employ the fans or blowers must be grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70-1987.

For more information see the Fan Kit Installation Guide included with the fan kit.

NOTE: If any of the original wire supplied with the appliance is replaced, it must be replaced with the same type, or its equivalent.

Figure 20. Wiring for the W3410 with Honeywell gas control and pilot.
Removing and Installing the Door

Removing the door surround:
The door surround is held in place by two metal clips at the top, and one magnet on each side. To remove the surround, pull the bottom outwards and lift upwards until the slots "A" are clear of tabs "B" in the door. You may need to use a flat screwdriver to pull the door surround outwards. (See figure 23a).

![Figure 23a. Removing or installing the door surround.](image)

Removing the door:
To install/remove the glass door, simply attach/remove the ten (10) machine screws that hold door in place (See figure 23b). Ensure that a good seal is maintained when installing the door.

![Figure 23b. Removing or installing the glass door.](image)
W3400 Gas Fireplace

Operation - Model W3400
with Continuous Pilot

For Your Safety - READ BEFORE LIGHTING:

**WARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

A. This appliance has a pilot which must be lighted by hand. When lighting the pilot, follow these instructions exactly.

B. **BEFORE LIGHTING** smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

**What To Do If You Smell Gas:**
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbour’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions.

C. Use only your hand to push in or turn the gas control knob. Never use tools. If the knob will not push in or turn by hand, don’t try to repair it, call a qualified service technician. Force or attempt to repair may result in a fire or explosion.

D. Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system, and any gas control which has been under water.

---

**Lighting Instructions:**

1. **STOP!** Read the safety information above on this label.
2. Flip down lower brass trims.
3. Push in gas control knob and turn clockwise to “OFF.”
4. Wait five (5) minutes to clear out any gas. Smell for gas, including near the floor. If you then smell gas, **STOP!** Follow “B” in the safety information above on this label. If you don’t smell gas, go to the next step.
5. Locate pilot burner **(See illustration at right.)** and follow steps below.
6. Turn knob on gas control counterclockwise to “PILOT.”
7. Push in gas control knob completely and hold. Light with Piezo Igniter button. Continue to hold the control knob in for about (1) minute after the pilot is lit. Release the knob and it will pop back up. Pilot should remain lit. If it goes out repeat steps 3 through 8.
   - If knob does not pop up when released. Stop and immediately call your service technician or gas supplier.
   - If the pilot will not stay lit after several tries, turn the gas control knob to “OFF” and call your service technician or gas supplier.
8. Push in gas control knob and turn counterclockwise to “ON.”
9. Flip up lower brass trim.
10. Turn on remote switch to ignite fire.

---

**To Turn Off Gas To Appliance:**

1. Turn off remote switch.
2. Flip down lower brass trim.
4. Flip up lower brass trim.
For Your Safety - READ BEFORE LIGHTING:

**WARNING:** If you do not follow these instructions exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury or loss of life.

A. This appliance is equipped with an ignition system that lights the pilot burner automatically. **Do not attempt to light the pilot by hand.**

B. **BEFORE LIGHTING** smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the floor.

**What To Do If You Smell Gas:**
- Do not try to light any appliance.
- Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
- Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbour’s phone. Follow the gas supplier’s instructions.

**Lighting Instructions:**

1. **STOP!** Read the safety information above on this label.

2. Flip down lower brass trims.

3. Turn switch on the gas control to **OFF**.

4. Wait 5 minutes to clear out any gas. If you smell gas, **STOP!** Follow "B" in the safety information above on this label. If you don’t smell gas, go to the next step.

5. Turn switch on the gas control to **"ON". NOTE:** This unit is equipped with an ignition system that lights the pilot burner automatically. **Do not attempt to light the pilot by hand.**

6. Turn on wall switch.

7. Flip up lower brass trim.

8. If the fireplace does not operate, follow the instructions "To Turn Off Gas To Appliance" and call your service technician or gas supplier.

**To Turn Off Gas To Appliance:**

1. Turn off remote switch.

2. Flip down lower brass trim.

3. Turn the switch on the gas control to **"Off"**.

4. Flip up brass trim.
**Operation**

**Lighting Instructions**

See pages 14 and 15.

**Burner Adjustment**

The Wildfire is equipped with an adjustable burner, allowing you to raise or lower the flames. To adjust the flames, locate the black knob marked 'Hi-Lo', in the centre of the gas control valve (See Figure 27).

- To raise the flame height, turn the black knob (located behind the lower trim) **counterclockwise**.
- To lower the flame height, turn **clockwise**.

![Hi-Lo Adjustment Knob](Figure 27. 'Hi-Lo' Adjustment Knob)

![Gas Control Knob](Capture.png)

(Shown in "Pilot" position.)

**CAUTIONS**

- Fireplace gas control must be in the "OFF" position and pilot and main burners extinguished when cleaning appliance with a vacuum.
- Doors and logs can get very hot. Handle only when cool.

**Maintenance**

**General**

- Have the fireplace installation inspected yearly, including a visual check of the vent system, the burner and the pilot flame. For your convenience a 1/8” manifold pressure tap is supplied on the gas valve for a test gauge connection. See Figure 28.

  - For **Natural Gas** this appliance requires a minimum inlet pressure of 5.5” W.C. and a manifold pressure of 3.5” W.C.

  - For **Propane Gas** this appliance requires a minimum inlet pressure of 11” W.C. and a manifold pressure of 10” W.C.

- Always keep the fireplace area clear and free of combustible materials, as well as gasoline and other flammable vapours and liquids.

- Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.

**Cleaning**

When the fireplace is first activated, there may be some smoking and a visible film may be left on the glass. This is a normal condition, and is the result of burning of protective coatings on new metal.

- Glass must be cleaned periodically to remove any film (which is a normal biproduct of combustion) which may be visible. Film can easily be removed by removing the door, as shown on page 13. Handle the door carefully, and clean it with non-abrasive glass cleaners. One of the most effective products is Kel Kem.

- Silicone seals on inner door during initial firing will "off gas", leaving a visual deposit of a white substance on combustion chamber walls. This can easily be removed using normal household products.

- Use a vacuum cleaner or whisk broom to keep the control compartment, burner, and firebox free from dust and lint.

- Logs may be cleaned periodically with a vacuum to remove soot or other contaminates. Do not attempt to move the 2 large logs when cleaning. They are extremely fragile and will break easily.

**WARNING:**

Do not attempt to clean glass when hot.

Do not clean glass with abrasive materials as any glass etching may cause premature glass failure.
Gas Control Valve

Pilot Burner Adjustment

1. Locate Pilot Adjustment Screw. (See figure 25.)
2. Adjust pilot screw to provide properly sized flame as shown in figure 26.
3. After installing or servicing, leak test with a soap solution with main burner on. Coat pipe and tubing joints, gasket etc. with soap solution. Bubbles indicate leaks. Tighten any areas where the bubbles appear until the bubbling stops completely.

Figure 26. Pilot Burner

Troubleshooting

The following is a troubleshooting chart of possible problems:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>CORRECTIVE ACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Noisy Pilot Flame</td>
<td>Locate pilot adjustment screw on gas control valve. Flame is decreased by turning adjustment screw clockwise.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilot won’t ignite</td>
<td>Disconnect remote wires and try to light pilot. If pilot now works, remote connections are faulty. Check wiring diagram figure 28.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main burner will not light</td>
<td>1. Check wiring (see figure 26). 2. Check wall switch for proper connection.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

HONEYWELL SV 9500 /SV9600 Troubleshooting Sequence

NOTE: Before Troubleshooting, Familiarize Yourself With The Startup And Checkout Procedure.

START

- Turn Gas Supply off
- Set thermostat to call for heat

SV9500/SV9600

is powered

(24 VAC nominal)

CHECK:
- Line voltage power
- Low voltage transformer
- Limit Controller
- Thermostat
- Wiring
- Air proving switch on combustion or blower system
- Vent damper (if used) is open and end switch mode

Unplug Pilot Burner Cable, Measure Voltage at SV9500/SV9600 HSI Terminals (24 VAC Nominal. See INSET)

Yes

No

Replace SV9500/SV9600

Yes

No

Replace Igniter/Flame Rod Assembly.

Yes

No

Replace Igniter/Flame Rod Assembly.

Yes

No

Check transformer Line Volt Supply

Yes

No

Replace Igniter/Flame Rod Assembly.

Yes

No

Replace Igniter/Flame Rod Assembly and retain. Restart Troubleshooting Sequence. Does main valve open?

Yes

No

SYSTEM OK

Discard old Igniter/Flame Rod Assembly.

If your fireplace still does not operate correctly, consult your dealer or the manufacturer.

All service and repairs should be performed by a qualified agency.

All spare parts, optional fans (see optional fan instruction guide), and optional trim finishes are available from the manufacturer or your local dealer.
**Warranty**

**The Warranty**

The Companies warrants the Montigo Gas Appliance to be free from defects in materials and workmanship at the time of manufacture. On the Montigo, there is a ten-year warranty on the firebox and its components, a five-year warranty on the main burner and pilot burner, and a one-year warranty on the gas control valve and fibre logs. Glass, plated/painted finishes, and refractory lining are exempt.

**Remedy And Exclusions**

The coverage of this Warranty is limited to all components of the Gas Appliance manufactured by The Companies.

This Warranty only covers Montigo Gas Appliances installed in the United States or Canada.

If the components of the Gas Appliance covered by this Warranty are found to be defective within the time frame stated (see The Companies right of investigation outlined below), The Companies will, at its option, replace or repair defective components of the Gas Appliance manufactured by The Companies at no charge, and will also pay for reasonable labour costs incurred in replacing or repairing components. If repair or replacement is not commercially practical, The Companies will, at its option, refund the purchase price of the Montigo Gas Appliance.

This Warranty covers only parts and labour as provided above. In no case shall The Companies be responsible for materials, components, or construction which are not manufactured or supplied by The Companies, or for the labour necessary to install, repair or remove such materials, components or construction. All replacement or repair components will be shipped F.O.B. the nearest The Companies factory.

**Qualifications To The Warranty**

The Gas Appliance Warranty outlined above is further subject to the following qualifications:

1. The Gas Appliance must be installed in accordance with The Companies installation instructions and local building codes. The Warranty on this Montigo Gas Appliance covers only the component parts manufactured by The Companies. The use of components manufactured by others with this Montigo Gas Appliance could create serious safety hazards, may result in the denial of certification by recognized national safety agencies, and could be in violation of local building codes. This warranty does not cover any damages occurring from the use of any components not manufactured or supplied by The Companies.

2. The Montigo Gas Appliance must be subjected to normal use. The Gas Appliances are designed to burn gas only. Burning conventional fireplace fuels such as wood, coal or any other solid fuel will cause damage to the Gas Appliance, will produce excessive temperatures and will result in a fire hazard.

**Limitations On Liability**

It is expressly agreed and understood that The Companies sole obligation, and purchaser’s exclusive remedy under this Warranty, under any other warranty, expressed or implied, or in contract, tort or otherwise, shall be limited to replacement, repair, or refund, as specified above.

In no event shall The Companies be responsible for any incidental or consequential damages caused by defects in its products, whether such damage occurs or is discovered before or after replacement or repair, and whether or not such damage is caused by The Companies negligence. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. The duration of any implied warranty with respect to this Montigo Gas Appliance is limited to the duration of the foregoing warranty. Some states do not allow limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above may not apply to you.

**Investigation Of Claims Against Warranty**

The Companies reserves the right to investigate any and all claims against this Warranty and to decide upon method of settlement.

The Companies Are Not Responsible For Work Done Without Written Consent

The Companies shall in no event be responsible for any warranty work done without first obtaining The Companies written consent.

Dealers Have No Authority To Alter This Warranty

The Companies employees and dealers have no authority to make any warranties nor to authorize any remedies in addition to or inconsistent with those stated above.

**How To Register A Claim Against Warranty**

In order for any claim under this Warranty to be valid, The Companies must be notified of the claimed defect in writing or by telephone, as soon as reasonably possible after the defect is discovered. Claims against this Warranty in writing should include the date of installation, and a description of the defect.

**Other Rights**

This Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

NOTE: The Companies as stated above refer to - Canadian Heating Products Inc. and/or Montigo Del Ray Corp.

Canadian Heating Products Inc. and/or Montigo DelRay Corp. reserves the right to make changes at any time, without notice, in design, materials, specifications, prices and also to discontinue colors, styles and products.
Appendix A - Spare Parts

1. Fan Kit
2. Termination (MTKO/ETKO)
3. Termination Frame (MSR)
4. Termination Frame (MOSR)
5. Termination Frame - Brick (BSR)
6. Heat Guard (MTKOG)
7. Wildfire 4-piece Logset
8. 4-Piece Picture Frame Surround (PFS)
9. 3-Piece Picture Frame Surround (PFO)
10. Horizontal Trim Kits
11. Door Cover, Square (DF0)
12. Door Cover, Arched (DFA)
13. Control Module for Model W3400
14. Control Module for Model W3400-I
15. Aluminum Tubing - 1/4" dia.
16. Locking Nuts
17. Spacer
18. Bulkhead Fitting
19. 90° Elbow
20. Burner Orifice
21. Burner Tube
Appendix B - Termination Locations

[Diagram showing various termination locations for a W3400 Gas Fireplace, including balcony, vertical termination, and service regulator vent.]